Mighty Outpourings of the Democracy.

The Democrats of the non-slaveholding States, aided by some of the old line Whigs, are roused to the highest pitch of enthusiasm, and are contending as they never contended before for the preservation of the Constitution and the Union. We have read their speeches, their resolutions, and the inscriptions on their transparencies and banners; and we can truly say that they all breathe a broad national spirit, and there is nothing of sectionalism in them or about them. They all sustain the fugitive-slave law and the Kansas-Nebraska act, and oppose the restoration of the Missouri restriction.

There was recently an immense gathering on the Tippecanoe battle-ground, Indiana. Some of the papers estimate the number present at 150,000but allowing half, the gathering was immense.-Speeches were made by Daniel S. Dickinson, Lewis Cass, Stephen A. Douglas, James B. Clay, John C. Breckipridge, John Van Buren, Jesse D. Bright, and Govs. Wright and Willard, of Indiana. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

The Democracy of Indiana, it will be remembered, have to coutend alone with the Fremont and Fillmore men-for the Fillmore and Fremont Electoral ticket is the same in that State, Mr. Dunn, a particular friend of Mr. Fillmore, being at the head

Next, we find the lion-hearted Democracy of New Hampshire rising up with one accord from their homes on the hill tops and in the valleys, from towns, cities, villages and country, and pouring into Concord, their to send up their voices for the Constitution and the Union. Twenty thousand Democrats assembled at Concord on the 5th inst. The proceedings of the day were appropriately commenced by raising the largest flag that floats in the Union. It is ninety-three feet long and sixty wide, and measures about 5,600 square feet. It bears the motto, "The Constitution and the Union." There were other flags, with such inscriptions as these: "One country, one constitution, one destiny"-"The home of Stark, not sectional, but national" -"For our whole country"-" For Buck and Breck and the whole Union," &c. Able and eloquent speeches were delivered, and the most determined spirit was evinced to carry the State for Buchanan.

In New York, the "Hards" and "Softs" are thoroughly united, and are making common cause against the Demonism of black Republicanism. On the night of the 9th inst., the largest procession ever witnessed in New York City, took place. There were "five miles of Democrats," with flags, music, torchlights, transparencies, speeches, and shouts of enthusiasm rolling like thunder through the City .-It was, indeed, a brilliant and glorious occasion .-Capt. Rynders, Chief Marshal, was mounted on a splendid white charger-he grasped the hickory bafon and wore the buck tail in his beaver. The banner in advance was a splendid work of art, beautifully arranged. A liberty cap two feet in height of crimson velvet, surrounded with a circlet of thirtyone stars, crowned the pole; beneath this was the shield of the Union, barred with red and white. Its supporters were two eagles, bearing the motte, "Union and Victory." Some of the inscriptions were as follows: "Sail on, gallant old Ship, with Buchanan for pilot, the Constitution for your chart; you will never split on the rock of disunion, not founder in the storm of fanaticism. But with the stars and stripes flying, fire deadly broadsides into the enemies of our country "-" One Constitution, one destiny, one country "-the words of Buchanan, "The Bible for heaven, the Constitution for earth' -this was enthusiastically cheered-" No North, no South, no Hard, no Soft," &c., &c. Lagging behind, says the News, was a spavined old horse-the woolly horse; on his flank the words "Black Wool" -a negro and Massa Greely at his tail-the negro saying, "'Tis no use, niggers can't beat white folks, no how." The great Democratic Sixth Ward was out in its strength, with the following mottoes:-Sixth Ward, true to Jackson in the olden time, and faithful to Buchanan now "-"No nigger lovers or

THE "MIGHTY MEN" CALLED ON .- A writer in the

forms of 1844, 1848, 1852, and 1856."

"The defeat in the late election, instead of involving the defeat of Fillmore in November, only renders it necessary that an united and patriotic effort be put forth by those whose positions command most respect and consideration. Let John M. Morehead, Wm. A. Graham, Kenneth Rayner, H. W. Miller, David Outlaw, and men like these, unite in an active canvass in every part of the State, and the contest can scarcely be a doubtful one."

nigger worshippers, the Sixth Ward goes for white

men "-" The sovereignty of the people, every Ter-

ritory makes its own laws"-"The Democratic plat-

Very well-let us have the efforts of these "mighty men of renown." Let us see, however, who they are. Gov. Morehead, it was rumored, was willing to accept a seat in the Legislature from Guilford; but he was not voted for. The people wanted statesmen, and so they re-elected D. F. Caldwell !-Gov. Graham did not venture to stand a canvass in Orange, but he did all he could to defeat Mr. Cameron for the Senate, and failed. That was good .-Mr. Rayner did not venture to stand a canvass in Hertford, and the County went for the K. N's by a diminished majority. He, however, made some speeches, and wrote a letter, which benefitted the Democratic cause at least five hundred votes. Mr. Miller thought of running for the Senate in Wake, but prudently gave it up. He also made speeches for Gilmer, and gains for Bragg. Mr. Outlaw was re-elected in Bertie, just as some one was elected in Wilkes-by the force of party drill.

Bring out your big guns, gentlemen. We want excitement, so as to ensure a full vote for Mr. Bu-

## The State Fair.

The Executive Committee of the State Society are actively engaged in arrangements for the approaching State Fair. The Fair Grounds are to be improved in several respects. A wing room is being added on the south to Floral Hall, and an additional awning is to be erected, running west from Floral Hall, arranged with seats for the accommodation of visitors. A stand is also to be erected for the Edit-

We learn that the track will be put in fine order for the trial of horses; and it is expected that there will be a better display of horses than at any previous Fair.

We shall publish in our next, a list of the judges appointed to award premiums.

AGAINST HIS OWN SECTION.—The Edenton Banner says there are three candidates for the Presidencythat Mr. Buchanan and Col. Fremont are sectional candidates, and Mr. Fillmore a national candidate. Mr. Buchanan, he says, is the Southern candidate. He goes against Mr. Buchanan, and therefore, according to his own showing, he goes against his own section and his own State. We shall not stop to expose the absurdity, to use no stronger term, of the Editor's statement of the matter. Every intelligent person knows that Mr.. Buchanan is national-Fremont sectional, and that Mr. Fillmore is hardly in

E. G. Reade for the Kansas-Nebraska Act. In September, 1854, the people of Caswell County, irrespective of party, gave to their representative in Congress, the Hon. John Kerr, a public dinner, as some evidence of their respect for him and of their approval of his course in Congress. The dinner went off finely, and the large assemblage was entertained with eloquent speeches and patriotic toasts. Letters were read from gentlemen belonging to both parties, excusing themselves for their absence, and expressive of warm regard for Mr. Kerr; and among other letters, the following was received from the Hon. E. G. Reade, the successor of Mr. Kerr in Con-

"ROXBOROUGH, Sept. 23, 1854. GENTLEMEN: I received your invitation to be present at a public dinner to be given to our representative in Congress, the Hou. John Kerr, by his friends and neighbors in Yanceyville, on the 28th instant, as a testimonial of personal regard, and in approbation of his vote upon the Nebraska and Kansas bill.

it would afford me much pleasure to be with you. I es teem Mr. Kerr much as a personal friend, and I approve his vote upon the Nebraska and Kansas bill; and I should like to join with you in doing him honor-for he has honored us. It is, however, out of my power to be present. I send you, what is better than my presence, this sentiment-THE UNION OF THE SOUTH, FOR THE SAKE OF THE UNION.

1 thank you for the honor communication.
kindness of your communication.
Very Respectfully,
E. G. READE. I thank you for the honor conferred on me, and for the

To Messrs. E. Graves, Sr., and others.

A letter was also received and read from Gov. Morehead, in which he warmly and emphatically approved Mr. Kerr's course in Congress.

It was also rumored, at the time, that letters were received from Mr. Rayner and Mr. Miller, approving Mr. Kerr's course and the Kansas-Nebraska act .-Was this rumor well-founded? We respectfully appeal to the Committee, if such letters were written and were preserved, to furnish them for publication.

It will thus be seen that Mr. Reade heartily and unequivocally approved Mr. Kerr's vote for the Kansas-Nebraska act-an act which, as Mr. Badger has shown, but carried out the principle of the "compromise" of 1850 by rendering the Missouri restriction "inoperative and void" as to Kansas, as it had been rendered "inoperative and void "in 1850 in regard to Utah and New Mexico; and yet Mr. Reade has since planted himself on a platform which denounces the repeal of this restriction as "reckless ard unwise" and as the cause of the agitation now afflicting the country. And in his letter of May last, in reply to Mr. Clingman, Mr. Reade says:

we compromised it, and divided out the whole of our territory; and the country was quiet. How much it is to be regretted that it could not remain quiet!—how much it is to be regretted that any influence should be brought to bear, and disturb the nation's quiet! But it has been said that, "The long, lean lizzard will mar the lion's rest," And so it is that something has been brought to bear to break up the "rest" of the people. Be that influence what it may, it is an unhallowed one, and deserves the people's

"Here, then, you see, we had our quarrel, [in 1820] and

Observe the ingenuity of this "Oily Gammon of North Carolina politicians. He knew that he had approved Mr. Kerr's vote for that act, and he could not recall that approval; and so he hints, he insinu ites, he dwells upon the "something" which had d sturbed the Missouri compromise, and broken up the " nation's quiet."

But our object was to show that Mr. Reade, who succeeded Mr. Kerr, did not take ground during the compaign against that act-that he had previously approved it; and that, therefore, his success was no condemnation by the people of his District of that n:easure. He succeeded by other means and upon o her grounds. Nor did Mr. Purvear and Mr. Rogers, who voted against the act, place their opposition to it on freesoil grounds. On the contrary, they argued that the act was not sufficiently Southern for tiem, and they declared that they voted against it because, in their judgment, the South would lose by it as the result of what they call "squatter sovereignty." The people of North-Carolina may, therefore, be regarded as unanimously in favor of the principle of non-intervention by Congress with slavery in the Territories,-the principle of the Utah, the New Mexico, and the Kapsas-Nebraska acts, and which operates as well north as south of the imaginary Missouri line. If there be any among us who object to this statement, or to this view of the matter, let them speak.

Malice and Meanness. An Editorial in the last Signal, aimed at the Associate Editor of the Standard, is of such a character that the Associate will not burden the columns of the Standard with a reply. There is neither wit, humor nor decency in it. It is characterized by malice and meanness throughout; and is evidently the production of a low, base mind. The a lusion to an old personal matter between Hon. John Kerr and ourself-a matter that concerned no one but Mr. Kerr and ourself, and which has been honorably settled-is one that no gentleman would have made. It is characteristic of a cowardly sneak.

Who the writer is we neither know nor care; for it is a circumstance not so strange as true, that the Standard is the only political paper published in Raleigh whose Editors are known to the public.

We shall hereafter deal with the Signal and its unknown Editor or Editors as we may think proper. If silent contempt will answer our purpose, we shall prefer it: if not, we shall pursue a different

As to the little flings of that little concern, the Register, we are profoundly indifferent, and hope its ttle Editor (if it has one,) may grow bigger and

BALTIMORE.-We shall publish in our next an excellent article from the Richmond Enquirer, showing the feeling in Baltimore on the subject of slavery, and the importance of Southern union with reference to Southern trade. Baltimore must be either for or against the South in this struggle. There is no half-way point in a contest like this. If we have friends north of Virginia, let us stand by them; but if we have enemies, who profess to be friends, let the mask be torn off, and let us meet them face to face. That is all we ask. A portion of the people of Baltimore have done well in dispersing that assemblage of Fremont traitors, and in preventing thus the formation of a black Republican Electoral ticket in Maryland. Let Baltimore only be true to the Constitution and the South, and the South will stand by her.

"PORTER'S SPIRIT OF THE TIMES."-We welcome tais sporting journal to our exchange list. It is "a chronicle of the turf, field sports, literature, and the stage"-published weekly in New York by William T. Porter, the leader of all sports in this country for the last quarter of a century. The number before us is rich and rare-vol. 1, No. 1, of a new series; and the Editor promises that the "Spirit" shall greatly surpass in the future what it has been in the past, Address W. T. Porter, Nos. 346 & 448, Broadway,

THE FUSION IN PENNSYLVANIA ADMITTED .- The Philadelphia Sun thus admits the fusion in Pennsylvania between the friends of Fillmore and Fremont: "The Pennsylvanian is horrified at "the fusion complete" between the friends of Fillmore and Fremont on the State ticket, while at the same time it chronicles the "grat-ifying intelligence" that the "old line Whigs and the De mocracy are uniting hand in hand at the home of James Buchanan." It makes a deal of difference whose ox is gored when the Pennsylvanian sits in judgment."

Know Nothing "Roorbacks" Exploded.

The Know Nothing papers are publishing as a "curious development," a statement of a Mr. Bates, of Michigan, late of California, to the effect that Gov. Floyd, of Va., in August, 1855, made an offer to Col. Fremont, in the name of the Democrats of Virginia, of the Democratic nomination for the Presidency .-This man Bates, we learn from the Detroit Free Press, is a man of bad character—but he is not too mean to be a black Republican witness. The following letter from Gov. Floyd, which we find in the last Washington Union, thoroughly explodes this Know Nothing falsehood:

" ABINGDON, Va., Sept. 6, 1856. I hasten to answer your kind note received this morning, and to say that there is scarcely a shadow of foundation for the statements contained in the slip you sent me. I never had an interview with Fremont, except at his own seeking or that of his special friends. I never made any offer to him of anything for myself or others. He never expressed any censure for the repeal of the Missouri Compromise in my hearing. All that is gammon from beginning to end. I never saw him until I met him in New York; and, after a short acquaintance, considered him very light metal, (notwithstanding Mariposa,) and extremely ill-informed upon all political subjects. I broke off all communication with him on political subjects, because I saw that the influences which governed him were abolition. These are the simple facts; and the only thing about it which worries me is to think that the interviews of gentlemen, in the confidence of privacy, should be made the subject of newspaper discussion, and misrepresented, too, for the purpose of giving something of effect to the fables they are filled with. JOHN B. FLOYD."

Will the Fayetteville Observer, and other K. N. prints, which have given circulation to this "curious" falsehood, make the corrction?

Again: The Know Nothing and black Republican papers are circulating the statement that there is a Fremont Electoral ticket in Virginia, formed of Democratic members of the Virginia Legislature.-The following, from the Richmond Enquirer, also explodes this falsehood:

"FREMONT TICKET IN VIRGINIA .- The Fremont Electoral Ticket in Virginia, of which we hear so much in the Northern papers, was proposed and nominated by a Filtmore or-gan in this city—whether in a spirit of fun, or with the se-rious purpose of aiding the black Republican party, is more than we will undertake to determine. The National American was certainly the first to suggest a Fremont Ticket for this State, and to publish a list of Electors for the black Republican party. It is equally indisputable that the suggestion and nominations were eagerly adopted by the black Republican politicians, who being extremely anxious to divest Fremont of his exclusively sectional character, were only too glad of the opportunity to deceive the people of the North with the idea that he is seriously supported in Virginia. So the American's "Electoral Ticket for Fremont in Virginia" was paraded with exultation in the black Republican papers. But the thing did not end here. The Fillmore people in this State, by whom the Fremont Ticket was originally nominated, ostensibly as a joke, accept the fiction on the authority of the black Republican papers, and re-publish it as a grave reality! The invention travels North, is endorsed by the Fremont press, is sent back, and again issued here as genuine currency! Now, this may all be intended as a capital jest, but it has a very ugly look.—
A man was once indicted of forgery for "playfully plagiarizing" another person's signature.

There is no Fremont Ticket in this State, and there will

be none. The gentlemen of whose names such unwarrantable use is made, will no doubt indemnify themselves for the injury. The authors of the libel are not so secure from punishment perhaps as they flattered themselves.

Will the Wilmington Herald, and other K. N. Southern papers, which have given circulation, with an air of exultation, to this falsehood, make the cor-

## English Abolitionists at Work.

Many of the public men of England have been engaged for years in the work of fomenting discord between the Northern and Southern portions of the United States on the subject of slavery, in the hope of dissolving the American Union. We all remember the decided manner in which England opposed the annexation of Texas, and the means she used to prevent it; and we know the sleepless diplomatic vigilance with which she guards Cuba, to prevent that desirable island from falling into our hands.

Abolitionism commenced in Exeter Hall, England. The vile ism was brought to this country by British agents, and it has been working for thirty years. English statesmen know that if they could "divide" they could at least "conquer" a portion of these States; they know that a dissolution of the Union would at once confer upon them the greatest and most important commercial as well as political advantages. Know Nothingism-that accursed source of strife between races and religions-has existed in England and other States of the old world, time out of mind. All their histories are full of its deeds and its evil results. It took root in the United States at a period most opportune for British schemes and British ambition. Despots and aristocrats, who hate us while they fear our example, chuckled and were glad when they saw a movement set on foot to array our native population against the Irish and other naturalized foreigners; and they fondly hoped that this movement would divide us into races and clans, like those of Ireland, England, and Scotland, and would render us an easy prey to their cupidity and ambition. But anti-Americanism and British influence, on this occasion, as on others, had to encounter the old national Democratic party; and the movement has thus far failed. But if Fremont-who is not only the black Republican candidate, but the candidate of the Northern Know Nothings-should be elected. evils will befal us of which no one can foresee the end. In confirmation of what we have said, read the following:

THE ENGLISH ABOLITIONISTS AT WORK .- The desire of the English press for the election of Fremont is not concealed. One tells us that it will "break up" the American Union. The London Times regrets that "the right of suffrage in this country is in the lower orders," for it believes were "the intelligence of America to decide the question, Fremont would be elected. Mrs. Stowe has gone over t England again, probably to raise money at Exeter Hall for Brother Fremont's election. Here are acknowledgments from the London Leader, which every voter should cut out and paste in his hat and show them to his black Republicon or know nothing neighbors, and let all who are aiding the election of Fremont see that they are helping the Brit-

"We know that the abolitionism of the Garrisons, and men of that stamp, has been fostered and excited by the ab-olitionist incendiaries of Great Britain, who would have sacrificed the American republic rather than not carry their own dogma in their own way. The latest news from the United States induces us to suppose that the external intrigues which found their accomplices in the Union, are not entirely without prospect of success. Already the politicians of England and Europe are reckoning that the American people will elect an anti-slovery President who will send round the brand of discord; as the burning brand used to be sent to rouse the clans of Scotland!

C. H. Brackett, Esq., is to address the Buchanan club of the Teuth ward, Brooklyn, to-morow night. N. Y. Day Book.

Mr. Brackett has recently been appointed to an office in the Custom House, New York. He is a gentleman of fine attainments, and well qualified for business. Many of our readers will recollect him as Professor Brackett.

ONSLOW COUNTY .- L. W. Humphrey, Esq., Democratic Sub-Elector for Onslow County, will address his fellow-citizens of said County at the following times and places: At Lower South West, Friday 26th September: at Golden Place, Saturday 27th September.

THE REVENUE. - We learn that about twenty Sheriffs have settled with the Comptroller and Treasurer. The law requires all of them to settle by the 1st of October. We learn that the increase of the revenue will be about twenty-five per cent.

SAMPSON COUNTY FAIR .- The next annual exhibition of the Sampson County Agricultural Society will commence at the Fair grounds, near Clinton, on the first Thursday in December next.

SOUTHERN TRAVEL NORTH .- The Albany Evening Journal, a rabid Free Soil journal, exults in the large amount of Southern travel this year to the North, and hails it as an evidence that sectional Northern movements, and the success of Fremont, will have no influence is loosening the ties of this Union | the United States.

Massachusetts Democracy.

The Democrats of Massachusetts held their convention at Springfield last week, and nominated Hon. Erasmus Dr. Beach for Governor, and Albert Currier for Lieut. Governor-other State officers and Electors at large were also chosen. The proceedings were harmonious, and much enthusiasm prevailed. The Boston Post says:

"Around the sides of the hall contiguous to the lower floor were placed the names of the various counties, and suspended from the balconies were banners bearing the

following it scriptions .-"No Sectionalism-No Sectarianism."

"DEMOCRATIC UNION CLUB OF SPRINGFIELD." "THE UNION AND THE CONSTITUTION FOREVER." " LIBERTY WITHOUT LICENSE-FREEDOM WITHOUT FRE "FROM MY SOUL I RESPECT THE LABORING MAN. James

"THIRTY-ONE INSTEAD OF SIXTEEN." Some one procured a flag and hung it up in the centre of the room without noticing that it contained only sixteen stars. As soon as this fact was discovered it was torn down amid a storm of cheers. This incident is pregnant with the patriotism of the Northern Democracy. Shall disunion ever render such patriots aliens to us? Know Nothingism there is swallowed up in abolitionism; but the pure, national Democracy stand firm as a rock, and indignantly trample under foot the sectional banner of black republicanism. All honor to such men.

With pride we hail them as brothers. The same convention unanimously adopted the following noble resolutions. Read and compare them with the narrow, sectional and traitorous resolutions of the K. N. black republican meetings. We do not hesitate to say they are more conservative and more patriotic than any K. N. resolutions

we have seen, either North or South: Resolved, That the democratic platform adopted at Cincinuati is sound and national, and embodies the principles illustrated by every democratic administration, and which are vital to a preservation of the rights of the states, and

to a continuance of the American Union. Resolved, That in the language of the Massachusetts democratic convention of 1848, this "convention is opposed to the exercise of any jurisdiction by congress over the matter of slavery in the territories; but is in favor of leav ing to the people who inhabit them the right to establish and regulate their own domestic institutions and relations, under the general principles of the constitution; and this s a claim for them which cannot be disallowed by the national democracy, devoted as it is to the liberty, equality and fraternity of this great brotherhood of states

Resolved, That the formation of a geographical party on the basis of war on the slave institutions of fifteen states of this Union, is in itself a calamity which the founders of the republic dreaded, and which Washington counselled his countrymen to indignantly condemn; and that the tri-umph of such a party in the nation would endanger her

very existence and perpetuity.

Resolved, That the conduct of the opposition factions in ongress in refusing to enact the just law for the pacificacongress in refusing to enact the just law for the pacinca-tion of Kansas, passed by the senate; in attaching uncon-stitutional provises to bills appropriating money for the support of the government; in recklessly persisting in their provises on the army bill, until congress adjourned without passing them, thereby necessitating a stoppage of the public works, and the disbanding of the army, afford a new and conclusive demonstration of the danger that would imperi) the confidence by the triumph of a sectional party imperil the confederacy by the triumph of a sectional party, and the necessity of the rally of the friends of the Consti tution and the Union, to save them from detriment.

Resolved, That the prompt action of President Pierce, in recalling congress back to its duty, by his proclamation for an extra session, is an illustration of faithfulness in the discharge of duty in his high office which entitles him to the Resolved, That in James Buchanan we recognize the able diplomatist, the sound and patriotic statesman, the true democrat, whose devotion to democratic principles will insure peace to our country and permanency to our Union; and that in supporting JOHN C. BEECKINRIDGE for the vice presidency, we are proud of his fearless and eloquent de-fence of the right, and of his vigorous and ardent powers, which he brings to the service of his country-the peculiar representative of a young and gallant republic; and that we rally round these candidates as the nominees of thirtyone states, in opposition to a party which, in its sectional movements, blots fifteen stars from the flag of our Union, and excludes the homes and the ashes of Washington, Jefferson and Jackson from its sacred embrace.

Resolved, That we will labor for economy in our state government, for the repeal of sumptuary laws, for the regulation of powerful monopolies, and for the restoration of Massachusetts to a standard of patriotism and devotion to the Union, worthy of the brotherhood of states to which

Resolved, That extending a cordial hand to all who are defending the constitution against the fanatical assaults made upon it, and pointing with pride to the distinguished statesman, who, regardless of party ties, have stepped forward to join the good cause, we would prove to our countrymen that the democracy of Massachusetts are true to their trust as citizens of this great confederacy.

Second Electoral District. Messrs. Blow and Warren, candidates for Elector in the 2d District, will address the people at the fol-

Consess som	-4	Tuesday Or	
Greene cou	nty,	The second secon	
Wayne	**	Thursday, "	9.
Edgecombe	**	Friday, "	10.
Lenoir	**	Tuesday, "	14.
Onslow	**	Thursday, "	16.
Jones,	**	Friday, "	17.
Craven,	"	Saturday, "	18.
Carteret,	44	Tuesday, "	21.
s will be made	he	reafter for the	e oth-
	Wayne Edgecombe Lenoir Onslow Jones, Craven, Carteret,	Wayne " Edgecombe " Lenoir " Onslow " Jones, " Craven, " Carteret, "	Edgecombe "Friday, " Lenoir "Tuesday, " Onslow "Thursday, " Jones, "Friday, " Craven, "Saturday, "

Third Electoral District. M. B. Smith, Esq., Democratic Elector, and O. P. Mears, Esq., "American" Elector, for this District, (3d,) will address their fellow-citizens at the follow-

ing times and places: Rockingham, Richmond County, Monday, Sept. 15. Thursday, Laurel Hill, Lumberton, Robeson " 22 Monday, Alfordsville, Friday, Monday, 29 Elizabethtown, Bladen Further appointments will be announced hereafter,

Fourth Electoral District. Messrs. Wilder and Littlejohn, Electors for the

4th District, will address the people at the following times and places: At Nashville, Nash county, Tuesday, Sept. 16 " Earpsboro', Wake Saturday, " 20 " Smithfield, Johnston

Tuesday, " 23 Monday, " Raleigh, Wake Other appointments will be made hereafter. Register and Signal please notice.

Fifth Electoral District. We are requested to announce that S. E. Williams, Esq., Democratic Elector for the Fifth District, will address the people as follows:

Troy, Montgomery, Tuesday, October 7 Liberty, Randolph, Thursday, Warren's Store, Alamance, Friday, Roxboro'. Person, Saturday, Morton's Store, Alamance, Saturday, Moore, Tuesday,

Government Movements with Regard to Kansas. Washingtown, Sept. 12.—A despatch to the following effect has been forwarded to Gov. Geary:

"If the militia to which previous orders were sent, by Col. Emory, to be made subject to the requisition of General Smith, are not sufficient for the exigency, Secretary Marcy wishes to be notified by telegraph, remarking, that the insurrectionary invasion of Kansas, via Nebraska, and subsequent attacks on the postoffice at Franklin, and dwellings, by Titus and Clearke, have stimulated others to unlawful acts of the same character on the borders of Missouri. And that the President expects Gov. Greay to maintain the public peace, and bring punishments to all acts of violence and disorder, by whomsoever perperated. Relying on his energy, discretion, and approved capacity decision and coolness of character, he expects General Smith to prevent or suppress all attempts to kindle civil war.

A telegraphic despatch from the War department to Gen. Smith, on the 9th acquaints him of the purpose of the President to secure him all the militia force necessary to maintain order and suppress insurrection; and that no military operations shall be carried on in Kansas, otherwise than under his instructions. Hence he instructed him not to permit the employment of militia or any armed bodies, unless they were regularly mustered in the service of

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

HALIFAX Sept. 12 .- The steamer Cambria, with wo days later dates, arrived this afternoon. In England the conservatives are arranging international differences with the view of making a grand attempt to overthrow the Palmersion administration. In France the political news is unimportant.-Another prosecution of the members of the secret society is progressed at Dijon. An earthquake occared in Alergia on the 21st, destroying several

Madrid papers say that decrees are about to appear dissolving the Cortes, regulated the press, remodeling the councils of State, and re-establishing the constitution of 1845. Two hundred prisoners had been embarked at Barcelona for Cuba. Sixteen civil governors in the provinces had been dismissed and successors appointed-half progressists and half moderados. The ministry was represented as perfectly united.

CHINA.—The insurgents in China are progressing in their cause.

COMMERICAL.

Her commercial news are as follows; Cotton unchanged, except in fair Orleans and fair Mobiles, which have advanced an eighth. Sales for the week 48,000 bales.

The stormy weather has caused a slight advance in breadstuffs. Flour advanced a shilling; Wheat 2d; Corn 1s. 6d.

The Congressional Result in Maine. Augusta, Me., Sept. 10.-Sufficient returns have been received, even from the democratic strongholds, to insure the success of the following Congressional ticket by handsome majorities:

1st District-John M. Wood, over Josiah S. Little, a whig and democratic candidate. 2d District-Charles I. Gilman, over E. F. Pills-

bury, whig and democratic candidate.

3d District-Nehemiah Abatte, over Henry Fugalls, whig and democratic candidate.

4th District-Freeman Morse, over D. Bronson, whig and democratic candidate. 5th District-Israel Washburn, over Abraham Sanborn, whig and democratic candidate.

6th District-Stephen C. Foster, over Arno Wiswell, whig and democratic candidate. The above are all new members excepting Mr. Washburne, re-elected.

SECOND DESPATCH. PORTLAND, Sept. 11.—Returns from 314 towns have been received, giving Hamlin, Republican, 59, 755; Wells, Democrat 36,911; Patten, Whig, 5,200.

MARRIED, In Granville county, on Wednesday evening last, by Rev. R. O. Burton, Rev. Henry Gray of the North Carolina Conference, and Miss Virginia, daughter of Dr. E. H. Speed, of that county.
On the 7th inst., by Rev. L. Burnett, Mr. S. F. Durhan

to Miss C. G. West, all of Chathan county, N. C. By Rev. B. M. Williams, at the residence of Sheriff Tapscott, in Alamance Co., on the 19th of Aug., Mr. Monroe Hazell and Miss Elizabeth Tapscott, both of Alamance Co. Also, by the same, at the residence of Mr. Wm. Robin-son, on the 28th of Aug., Mr. Lovick Isely, and Miss Ruth Robinson, both of Alamance county, N. C. In Iredell, co., at the residence of her father, on the 19th

ult., by Rev. J. W. Pewett, Dr. W. Gibson, of Catawba to Miss Laura C. youngest daughter of Elisha Perkins, Esq.

## THE MARKETS.

NORFOLK MARKET. REPORTED FOR THE "NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD,"

BY A. M. M'PHEETERS & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding & Commission Merchants Norfolk, Sept. 13,

NORFOLK, Sept. 13, 1856.

FLOUR—There has been no change since our last, and we quote an inactive market. S. F. \$5\(\pi\_0\)\(37\)\(3 81 25(m) 37; L. B. \$1 75.

CORN-white 65c; yellow 68; Wheat, Red \$1 45@1 50; White \$1 55@1 60. Cotton-none on market. Since our last the agents of the Puruvian government in our City have received orders to advance \$5 per ton on Guano. The prices now are for 1 to 10 tons \$58; 10 and 25 tons \$57 50; 25 and 50 tons \$57; 50 and 100 tons \$561/4; over 100 tons \$56. These prices are for the short ton of 2000 lbs, and cash on delivery.

WILMINGTON MARKET. WILMINGTON, September 13, 1856.
TURPENTINE—No receipts and nothing doing. Last sale was at \$2 80 for virgin and yellow dip, and \$1 40 for

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-No sales. ROSIN-In common we note further sales yesterday of 3,500 bbls at \$1 05@\$1 10 for large bbls; this morning 15-, 000.at \$1@\$1 0234 for mixed lots, and \$1 05 for large size; and \$70 No. 1 at \$2 75, \$3 25@\$3 50 per bbl., as in quality. TAR—Sale yesterday of 60 bbls at 1 50 per bbl. COTTON—9 bales middling to good middling fair, chang-

cotton—9 bales midding to see the ed hands yesterday at 11% cents per lb.

FISH—29 bbls Mulletss sold yesterday at \$6 75 per bbl.

SALT—Sale yesterday of 300 sacks Liverpool ground,

Journal. FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

FAYETTSVILLE, September 13, 1856.
BACON 15 cents—FLOUR dull at \$6 to \$7—CORN 90 cents per bushel, with upward tendency—OATS wanted at 40 cents per bushel—COTTON 9½ to 10—yellow dip TUR-PENTINE \$2 30, virgin \$2 20, hard \$1—SPIRITS TURP.

34 to 35 cents.

Land for Sale near Raleigh. THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING SETTLED IN THE L City of Raleigh, and being engaged in the Family Grocery business, offers for sale, privately, his beautiful little farm, which is one of the most desirable places in the county of Wake. The tract contains 109 acres of good land, well improved, and lies just five miles Southeast of Raleigh, immediately on the Central Railroad, which runs only one hundred yards from the dwelling and in full view, and between the Goldsborough and Averasborough roads. The improvements are very good. The dwelling is a new two story house, well built, with six rooms and two brick chimneys and four fireplaces. The kitchen is a good one, with a stone and brick chimney. Also negro houses, corn crib, &c., &c. There is a well of the best water in the county in the yard, in good order, and several fine springs

that never fail. There are also about three acres of fine There is also a good new Store House on the premises, with three rooms. The neighborhood is a thickly settled one, and a good mercantile business could be done. There is also a fine orchard, with almost all kinds of fruit. Any person desiring to purchase an excellent little farm, can now have an opportunity of doing so by early application to the subscriber at Raleigh who will take pleasure in showing the property.

K. R. WEATHERS.

September 16, 1856.
Register copy weekly 2 weeks. AND FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING determined to remove to the West, offers for sale
his valuable, tract of land, lying ten miles West of Raleigh,
in a high and healthy neighborhood. The tract consists of
783 acres of which about 250 acres are open and in a state
of cultivation. There are on the premises a good dwelling. of cultivation. There are on the premises a good dwelling house, with all necessary outhouses, embracing stables, co ton gin, smokehouse, cribs, &c. Also three wells of good water, and several excellent springs in different parts of he plantation. There are between two and three hundred acres of bottom land, of which about 125 acres are cleared, and the remainder is well timbere d with oak and pine. I will sell the above land, either entire or in portions to

suit purchasers, on moderate terms, and will receive in payment either cash or likely young negroes. Apply to the subscriber on the premises; or, if by letter, direct to Raleigh, N. C.

THOMAS YOUNG. eigh, N. C. Septemder 15, 1856.

BENTON'S WORK COMPLETE, IN TWO large octavo volumes, comprising upwards of 1500 pages. Either volume sold separately.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY. September 15, 1856.

Sea Shore Hotel For Sale. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT the Court House in Smithville on Monday the 13th day of October next, the water lots with the improvements thereon, in the town of Smithville known as lots Nos 20 and 21. On said lots is a building nearly completed about 120 ft long by 40 ft wide, intended for a Hotel. It has three stories besides a baseme t, and contains 65 rooms. The buildings front directly on the Bay, commanding a fine view of the beautiful harbor of Smithville and also of the Ocean only 2 miles distant. From the well known beathfulness of Smithville and its easy access by rail road and steamboats it is evident that a little enterprise only is need-ed to make it one of the most fashionable watering places n the South.

Terms made known at sale. For futher information apply the the subscriber at Smith-ille, N. C. SAM'L LANGDON, Ex'r of S. B. Everett, ville, N. C.

Sept. 11, 1856.

MUIR & STEVENS-FALL IMPORTA-—We have just imported by ships Orient, Ionian, Uncle Joe and Westmaland, a large and beautiful assortment of China, Earthenware, &c., comprising every article usually kept in such an establishment. Some of the patterns are entirely new and very different from anything ever before offered in this market. Our stock of Gilt and White French China, Cut and Pressed Glass, Looking Glasses, Plated Castors, Waiters and Fancy Goods. is large and commanding. Merchants and others wishing goods in the above line, would do well to call on us before purchasing, as we are satisfied that we can sell as low as any house in the Northern markets. Stone Ware of superior quality.
MUIR & STEVENS.

No. 55 Sycamore st., 86—1m. Sept. 15th, 1856.

Fall Importations of 1856. DRY GOODS! W. H. & R. S. TUCKER, No. 8, Fayetteville Street, Are now receiving a magnificent stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS. We invite particular attention to our SILK DEPARTMENT AND DRESS GOODS GENERALLY.

MOURNING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. FRENCH MERINOES. Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings. A FULL STOCK OF LINEN AND COTTON GOODS!

EMBROIDERIES. BAJOUS CELEBRATED KID GLOVES. Hosiery of all Kinds. NEW STYLES

MANTILLAS & CLOAKS All of which we will sell at RETAIL as low as they can be bought in any market

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER, No. 8, FAYETTRVILLE ST. Raleigh, Sept. 16, 1856.

HATS AND CAPS. OUR ASSORTMENT OF HATS AND CAPS IS NOW complete. We have received by Adam's Express the following kinds:

Beebe & Co's Moleskin Dress Hat,

New Orleans Soft Cassmere, " " Dress "
Also, the Fillmore and Buchanan Hat, and a large assort-

ment of boys and children's Caps; but no Freemont Hate. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

OLIN HIGH SCHOOL. OLIN, IREDELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA. S. LANDER, Principal.

W. H. LILLY, L. H. CARTER, Assistants. THE FALL SESSION BEGINS ON THE FOURTH Wednesday of July, and continues twenty one weeks. The Spring session, beginning the first Wednesday of January, continues twenty weeks. Public examination at

the close of the Spring session.

The course of study embraces all the branches generally taught in Classical Schools. Every student is required to pursue at least three regular studies, besides stated exercises in reading, writing, spelling and singing. Exercises

in English composition once a week, and in declamation once in two weeks by the whole school. Unless parents direct otherwise, all students are required to attend Sunday School and Church every Sabbath. The two Literary Societies have already respectable libraries, which are annually increasing. A School Library also is organized, to which all the students have free access. In connection with the School there is a Reading Room in which may be found the latest news from all sections of

the country.

The healthfulness of the location, and the high moral tone of the community are worthy of all praise.

EXPENSES.—Tuition in the Classical Department per session, \$20 00. In the English Department it varies from \$8,00 to \$15,00. Contingent fee, \$1,00. We have no extras. Board is seven dollars a month, exclusive of lights. The Tuition and Contingent fees are required positively

in advance. All the necessary text-books and stationery are kept on hand by the Principal, and sold on very reasonable terms for cash. Students do not need much pocket money. Olin is 32 miles Northwest of Salisbury, and 14 miles Northeast of Statesville, from either of which places conreyances may be hired at any time. For further information address the principal.

September 15, 1856. Town Property for Sale. OFFER FOR SALE MY HOUSE AND LOT IN the City of Raleigh, situated on the corner of Martin and Salisbury streets, a few minutes walk from the marker and one square west of Fayetteville street. The cite is a convenient one for a private residence, having attached a good sized garden, and it is sufficiently central for business of any kind. For terms apply to the subscriber at his residence

W. WHITAKER, SR. Raleigh, Sept'r 15, 1856. YEW BOOKS .- ENGLISH TRAITS BY RALPIT

The Last of the Forester's, by Jno. Estor Cook, author The Life and Adventures of James P. Beckwourth. Irving's life of Washington, vol. 1 and 2, 12mo.

The Baked Head and other stories, being No. 2, modern For sale by W. L. POMEROY. September 15, 1856.

AND FOR SALE. -WE, THE UNDERSIGNED. do offer for sale the tract of land, (formerly occupied by Winfield D. Staton, deceased,) containing 599 acres, more or less. The said tract of land lies in the lower part of Halifax county, on Deep Creek, adjoining Kenneth Thigpen, Lemuel L. Savage and others—also adjoining Edge-combe county. This land is well adapted to cotton, corn, peas and potatoe productions. There is on it a large and Bourishing Apple Orchard that will make sixty barrels of Brandy of a good fruit year. Also, a large and comfortsble dwelling, with necessary out houses. It is in a healthy place, with good water, and has a good mineral spring nearw in the centre of the farm. Persons wishing to buy land can come and examine for themselves. We cannot equally divide this land which is the cause of our offering it for

sale. If not sold privately, it will be offered at public sale on Monday, the 3d November next, on the premises. W. D. STATON, J. H. STATON.

September 9, 1856. OYSTERS! OYSTERS! THE SUBSCRIBER BEING EXTENSIVELY EX-GAGED in the Oyster Trade, is prepared to fill any and all orders that may be sent to him, with promptness and dispatch. Address J. G. Cowper, Suffolk, Va. JOS. G. COWPER.

September 16, 1856. Large Sale of Valuable Property. N WEDNESDAY THE 1ST DAY OF OCTOBER O N WEDNESDAT THE 18th and 18th at his resident, the subscriber will offer for sale at his resident wast of Favetteville. dence on Lower Little River, 12 miles west of Fayetteville,

the following Property, viz:
5000 acres of Land in one body, including the Residence, lying within 4 miles of the Fayetteville and Western Rail Road, well adapted to the Turpentine and Tunber business. A large portion is virgin forest of the finest quality of long-leaf Pine. The above lands will be offered in lots of 1000 acres each, including a Farm and improvements on

each tract. 20,000 acres in the county of Richmond, lying in reach of navigable streams, and within 5 miles of the Wilmington and Charlotte Rail Road,—probably the largest body of Pine land of the same quality to be found in the State, and will be offered in lots to suit purchasers.

1000 bushels Corn, 50 tons Hay, 18 head Horses and Mules, 50 " Cattle, 60 " Sheep,

100 " Hogs, 2 Road Wagons, 2 Timber Wagons, 1 Turpentine Still and Fixtures, of 25 barrel

Together with Farming Tools, &c. &c. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the above property to persons wishing to purchase all or any portion of it;—and requests those having claims to present them, and those indebted to attend to the settlement of their accounts, on the day of sale.

JOHN McKELLAR.

Fall Races.-Warrenton Course. THE RACES OVER THE WARRENTON, NORTH Carolina, Course are postponed until the 21st day of October, next instead of the time advertised, on account of the Broad Rock and Petersburg Races. A two year old stake now open, to be run on the 1st day of the races, \$200 entrance, half forfeit, three or more to

make a race, now one entry, mile heats-to name and close by the 15th Sept. FIRST DAY .- Sweepstage for colts and fillies that never won a race, mile heats, \$100 entrance, half forfeit-to name and close by the 15th day of September. Now two entries.
SECOND DAY. - Jockey Club Purse for \$400-3 mile heats

THIRD DAY .- Jockey Club Purse of \$200-3 mile beats-FOURTH DAY.-Proprietor's Purse of \$200-2 mile heats entrance \$20.

The Proprietor pledges himself to have the old Track in elegant order, with new buildings. New Stables furnished Race Horses gratis.

By order of the Club.

P. J. TURNBULL, Sec'y.
GEN. M. T. HAWKINS, Prop'r & Treasurer.

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT.—At a meeting of the Warrenton Jockey Club, held at Dr. Browntow's Hotel, the following members being present: W. Eaton, sr., President Dr.
Stephen Pavis, Samuel Newell, John Newell, B. H. Priodie, M. T. Hawkins, President and Treasurer,—it was.

Resolved, That, in consequence of the Petersburg races
taking place on the 28th of October the Warrenton Races
shall be postponed until the 11th of November, at which
time the purses heretofore advertised will be run for.

time the purses heretofore advertised will be run for. THOS. G. PLUMMER, THE BLAND HOUSE. - Sale at Auction .- This valuable property, situated in the town of Greensbur-ough, will be sold to the highest bidder, at PUBLIC AUCTION in said town, on Tuesday the 21st day of October next. This Hotel is situated in the central and bus-

iness part of town, and offers inducements to any one wishing to engage in the business of Hotel keeping, equal to any location in the Western part of the State. Torms easy and will be made known on day of sale,

JOEL McLEAN,

WILLIAM S. RANKIN,

DAVID McLEAN.

Greensborough, N. C., Sept. 10th, 1856, 1150-4tw.